WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A recombinant polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding at 2 least 5 consecutive amino acids from Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 2. The polynucleotide of claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes native Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 1 3. The polynucleotide of claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a 2 Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog.
- 4. The polynucleotide of claim 1 wherein the nucleotide sequence encoding at least 5 consecutive amino acids from Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide is identical to a nucleotide sequence from SEQ ID NO:1.
- 5. The polynucleotide of claim 2 wherein the nucleotide sequence is identical to nucleotides 151-1425 of SEQ ID NO:1.
- 1 6. The polynucleotide of claim 3 wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes an immunogenic Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog.
- 7. A polynucleotide probe or primer of at least 7 nucleotides that specifically hybridizes to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1) or its complement.
- 8. The polynucleotide probe or primer of claim 7 whose sequence is identical or complementary to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1).
 - 9. The polynucleotide probe of claim 7 further comprising a label.

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10. An inhibitory polynucleotide comprising an antisense sequence of at least 7 nucleotides that specifically hybridizes to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-2 1.0 cDNA of SEQ ID NO:1 and that inhibits expression of Repro-PC-1.0 in cells. 3 11. The inhibitory polynucleotide of claim 10 whose sequence is complementary 1 to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1). 2 12. A recombinant polynucleotide comprising an expression control sequence 1 operably linked to a nucleotide sequence encoding: 2 3 a Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide, 4 a Repro-PC-1.0 analog, 5 a polynucleotide probe or primer of at least 7 nucleotides that specifically hybridizes to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1) 6 7 or its complement, or 8 an inhibitory polynucleotide comprising an antisense sequence of at least 7 nucleotides that specifically hybridizes to a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-9 1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO:1) and that inhibits expression of Repro-PC-1.0 in cells. 10 1 13. A recombinant cell comprising a recombinant polynucleotide of claim 12. 1 14. A method for detecting a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence selected from Repro-PC-1.0 cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 1) or its complement in a sample 2 3 comprising the steps of: 4 (a) contacting the sample with a polynucleotide probe or primer comprising a sequence of at least 7 nucleotides that specifically hybridizes to the nucleotide sequence 5 6 and 7 (b) detecting whether the polynucleotide has specifically hybridized to the 8 polynucleotide, 9 whereby specific hybridization provides a detection of the polynucleotide in the 10 sample.

- 1 15. A method of inhibiting Repro-PC-1.0 expression in a cell comprising providing the cell with an inhibitory polynucleotide of claim 10 or with a polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes a decoy Repro-PC-1.0 analog.
- 1 16. A purified, recombinant Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide whose amino acid sequence is identical to that of SEQ ID NO:2, or allelic variants of SEQ ID NO:2.
- 1 17. A Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog that is not naturally occurring and that comprises a sequence of at least 5 consecutive amino acids selected from the amino acid sequence of Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 1 18. The Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog of claim 17 which is a decoy that 2 competes with Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptides for interaction with molecules that naturally 3 interact with Repro-PC-1.0.
- 1 19. The Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog of claim 17 which, when presented as 2 an immunogen, elicits the production of an antibody which specifically binds to native 3 Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide.
- 20. A composition comprising an antibody that specifically binds to Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide (SEQ ID NO:2).
- 1 21. The composition of claim 20 wherein the antibodies are monoclonal antibodies.
- 1 22. The composition of claim 20 wherein the antibodies are polyclonal antibodies.

23. A method for detecting a Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide in a sample, comprising 1 2 the steps of: (a) contacting the sample with an antibody that specifically binds to the Repro-3 4 PC-1.0 polypeptide and 5 (b) detecting specific binding between the antibody and Repro-PC-1.0 6 polypeptide, 7 whereby specific binding provides a detection of Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide in 8 the sample. 24. A method for use in the diagnosis of prostate cancer in a subject comprising 1 2 the steps of: 3 (a) detecting a diagnostic amount of Repro-PC-1.0 mRNA or Repro-PC-1.0 4 polypeptide in a sample from the subject; and 5 (b) comparing the diagnostic amount with a normal range of Repro-PC-1.0 6 mRNA or Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide in a non-cancerous control sample. 7 whereby a diagnostic amount above the normal range provides a positive 8 indication in the diagnosis of prostate cancer. 1 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the sample is blood, urine, lymph node 2 tissue or prostate tissue. 26. A method of detecting prostate cancer cells in a subject comprising the steps 1 2 of: (a) administering to the subject a compound comprising an antibody coupled to 3 4 a label and 5 (b) detecting the location of the compound in the subject. 1 27. The method of claim 26 wherein the label is (1) a radioactive label and the 2 step of detecting comprises detecting label by camera imaging, or (2) an isotopic label and the step of detecting comprises detecting the label by magnetic resonance imaging. 3 1 28. A method for use in following the progress of prostate cancer in a subject 2 comprising the steps of:

- (a) detecting first and second amounts of Repro-PC-1.0 mRNA or Repro-PC-3 1.0 polypeptide in samples from the subject at a first and a second time; and 4 5 (b) comparing the first and second amounts. 6 whereby an increase between the first and second amounts indicates progression of the prostate cancer and a decrease between the first and second amounts 7 8 indicates remission of the prostate cancer. 29. A method for the prophylactic or therapeutic treatment of prostate cancer in a 1 subject comprising administering to the subject an inhibitory polynucleotide of claim 10, 2 an inactive Repro-PC-1.0 analog polypeptide that acts as a decoy or a composition 3 comprising an immunotoxin that specifically binds to Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide in an 4 amount effective to inhibit metastasis of prostate cancer cells, whereby inhibition of 5 metastasis provides the treatment of prostate cancer. 6 1 30. A polypeptide or polynucleotide vaccine for eliciting an immune response against Repro-PC-1.0 comprising an immunogenic Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog or a 2 3 polynucleotide encoding the analog. 31. The vaccine of claim 31 wherein the analog bears an MHC Class I or MHC 1 2 Class II binding motif. 32. A method of eliciting in a subject an immune response against a cell bearing 1 Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide on its surface comprising administering to the subject a vaccine 2 3 of claim 27. 33. The method of claim 32 wherein the immune response is an MHC Class I-1 restricted cell-mediated immune response and the vaccine comprises a recombinant 2 polynucleotide encoding an immunogenic Repro-PC-1.0 polypeptide analog bearing an 3 4 MHC Class I binding motif.
 - 34. The method of claim 32 wherein the immune response is an MHC Class II-restricted immune response and the vaccine comprises an immunogenic Repro-PC-1.0

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- 3 polypeptide analog bearing an MHC Class II binding motif or a recombinant
- 4 polynucleotide encoding the analog.
- 1 35. A screening method for determining whether a compound modulates the
- 2 expression of Repro-PC-1.0 in a cell comprising contacting the cell with the compound
- 3 and determining whether the production of Repro-PC-1.0 mRNA or polypeptide are
- 4 increased or decreased.
- 1 36. A screening method for determining whether a compound inhibits the activity
- 2 of Repro-PC-1.0 comprising contacting a cell that expresses Repro-PC-1.0 with the
- 3 compound and determining whether the exocytois from the cell or capacitance across the
- 4 cell membrane is altered.
- 37. A method of detecting a chromosomal translocation of a Repro-PC-1.0 gene
- 2 comprising the steps of:
- a) hybridizing a labeled probe of claim 7 to a chromosome spread from a cell
- 4 sample to determine the pattern of hybridization and
- b) determining whether the pattern of hybridization differs from a normal
- 6 pattern.
- 1 38. A method of detecting polymorphic forms of Repro-PC-1.0 comprising
- 2 comparing the identity of a nucleotide or amino acid at a selected position from the
- 3 sequence of a test Repro-PC-1.0 gene or polypeptide with identity of the nucleotide or
- 4 amino acid at the corresponding position of native Repro-PC-1.0 (SEQ ID NO:1 or 2),
- 5 whereby a difference in identity indicates that the test polynucleotide is a polymorphic
- 6 form of Repro-PC-1.0.